



THE ROLE OF THE A REVOLUTIONARY WOMAN

role of revolutionary woman

The subject of the role of the revolutionary woman has been a keen topic of great controversy and concern. All kinds of various viewpoints have been given--and all of them by men. The time has come for this subject of the role of the revolutionary woman to be discussed and dealt with from the inside out--by a woman.

Having been cloistered within the confines of racist america and having on active experience in violent revolution, we women have had to relate directly to the advice of men as to what our role should be. Now we have examples to follow from women who have fought in revolution for the liberation of their people.

We have the examples of the Chinese women, the Vietnamese women and the Cuban women. All of whom have one basic thing; that our role is to fight in and participate in this revolution on an equal footing with them. They have proved, through doing in the streets and in the practice that (1) it is a necessity field. Learning through doing is the best way for the sisters to get equal rank according to acquired knowledge of technical equipment trying to hang the women up by the emotional hangups concerning our sex (female) in direct relation to theirs (male). We would like to be regarded as PANTHERS not females (Pantherettes), just Panthers, stricted because of their sex.

It has been said that all revolutions have to be fought by three groups of people; men, women and children. Many sisters have not been

allowed to participate in the many facets of revolution. Just as there are "rally" panthers, the brothers have allowed the sisters to become their ultrafeminine counterparts and their desk panthers by not educating them to what they can and should be doing in the streets and in the office work, the sisters will turn into their ultrasubmissive counterparts and still haven't had an understanding of Papa's book (Eldridge Cleaver-Soul on Ice) because they are still trying to hang the women up by their own feelings of inferiority. You tell us that we are the backbone of the Party and yet you won't allow us to put this into practice for fear that if you really help us get politically educated, we might learn a little more than you do, or may shoot a little straighter. This is a direct fault of the brothers when sisters become conditioned to the easy life and pampering hangup of just doing office work, and they overcome because while they are

taking the time to do this, something is left undone - the political education of the sisters. We sisters are more than willing to do our part, all we need is a little guidance on the proper techniques and a little free rein to carry out our own initiative.

**BLACK POWER TO BLACK PEOPLE
PANTHER POWER TO THE VANGUARD**

June Culberson
Southern California Chapter

THE FORT JACKSON EIGHT

Military hearings began Tuesday, April 22, 9:00 am, at Fort Jackson, S.C., on cases of eight antiwar GI's.

Eight members of GI's united against the war, face charges of breach of peace, disrespect, disobeying an order, and holding an illegal meeting.

Habeas Corpus petition seeks release of soldier clients from stockade and barracks arrest.

Attorneys suggest court martial of Col. Maertens, 4th C.S.T. Brigade Commander.

Article 32 hearings began Tuesday morning, April 22, in the cases of eight members of GI's United Against the War in Vietnam at Fort Jackson. The Army's hearing, which will probably last all week, will review all the evidence and recommend the steps to be taken

Joseph Rudder and Delmar Thomas are still in the stockade, and Pvts, Curtis Mays, Dominick Duddie, Thomas Woodfin and Edilberto Chaparro are under barracks arrest. Their attorneys, David Rein, Leonard Boudin, Howard Moore, Peter Rindskopf, and Thomas Broadwater, are seeking their release from confinement through a habeas corpus petition filed in federal court. The suit asks the Army to produce in court not only the imprisoned GI's but also the agent-informer-provocateur John Huffman and all recordings and notes made of meetings and conversations. A preliminary hearing on the habeas corpus writ was scheduled for Tuesday afternoon, April 22. The attorneys have challenged the legality of pre-trial confinement through military channels as well. In a letter to the Secretary of the

